Augustine on Lucretia: Vocabulary List

With thanks to the Digital Latin Lexicon

**Paragraph 1**

perspicuus -a -um - <transparent, bright; clear, evident>. Adv. perspicue.

opprimo -primere -pressi -pressum - (1) <to press upon, press down; to crush, smother, stamp out>. (2) <to catch, take by surprise, occupy forcibly>.

propono -ponere -posui -positum - <to put on view, expose, display; to publish, relate, tell; to propose, promise, offer as a reward or hold over as a threat; to imagine, put before the mind; to propose to oneself, purpose, intend>. N. of partic. as subst. propositum -i, <a design, purpose; the subject or theme of a discourse; the first premise of a syllogism>.

castitas -atis - f. <chastity>.

consensio -onis - f. <agreement, harmony, consent>; in bad sense, <plot, conspiracy>.

flagitium -i - n. <a disgraceful action, shameful crime; shame, disgrace>; meton., <scoundrel, rascal>.

concumbo -cumbere -cubui -cubitum - <to lie or recline together (at table); to lie with, have intercourse with>.

pudicitia -ae - f. <modesty, chastity, virtue>.

libidinosus -a -um - <wilful, arbitrary, capricious; passionate, lustful>. Adv. libidinoso, <wilfully, arbitrarily>.

potior - (1) -iri, dep. <to get possession of, to obtain; to possess, be master of>.

maritus -a -um - <matrimonial, nuptial>; of plants, <tied or trained together>. As subst. maritus -i, m. <husband, lover, suitor>; marita -ae, f. <wife>.

propinquus -a -um - <near, close, neighboring; similar; nearly related, closely connected>; as subst. <a kinsman>. Adv. propinque.

indico (1) -are - <to make known, show, indicate>; esp. <to inform against, give evidence about; to put a price on, value>.

vindicta -ae - f. <a rod used in manumitting slaves>. Transf. <deliverance; vengeance, punishment>.

constringo -stringere -strinxi -strictum - <to bind together, bind fast, confine, restrain>; in speech, <to compress, abbreviate>.

iudico -are - <to be a judge, judge, decide, declare>; perf. partic., iudicatus -a -um, of persons, <condemned>; of things, <decided>.
controversia -ae - f. <a dispute> esp. at law; 'sine controversia', <indisputably>.

egregius -a -um - <not of the common herd; excellent, extraordinary, distinguished>; adv. egregie.

declamo -are - <to speak loudly>; esp. <to practice speaking in public>; with object, <to declaim>.

admitto -mittere -misi -missum - <to send to, admit>; esp. of horses, <to let go, put to a gallop>. Transf., <to allow; to admit a crime to one's record>, so <to commit>; hence n. of partic. as subst. admissum -i, <a crime>.

intueor -tueri -tutus - dep. <to look at attentively, gaze at; to consider, contemplate, look to>.

inquino -are - <to befoul, pollute, stain, corrupt>. Hence partic. inquinatus -a -um, <dirty, foul, polluted>; adv. inquinate.

coniunctio -onis - f. <uniting, joining together, connection>. grammat., <a connecting particle, conjunction>; of persons, <union, association, connection (esp. by blood or marriage)>.

membrum -i - n. <a limb, member, part of the body; a clause in a sentence>.

diversitas -atis - f. <contrariety, contradiction; difference, diversity>.

attendo -tendere -tendi -tentum - <to stretch to>; usually with animum (animos) or absol., <to direct the attention towards, attend to>. Hence partic. attentus, <attentive, careful>: adv. attente.

**Paragraph 2**
vindico -are - <to claim; to arrogate, assume; appropriate; to claim as free>; hence <to liberate, deliver or protect; to avenge, punish>.

pello pellere pepuli pulsum - <to strike, knock, beat; to impel, propel, move, affect; to drive away, dislodge, banish>.

macto (2) -are - <to slay, smite; to afflict, punish>.

appello(2) -are. (1) - <to address, accost, speak to>; esp. of asking favors, <to approach, entreat, sue>; legal, <to appeal to>. (2) <to name, entitle>; hence, <to mention by name, make known>. (3) <to pronounce>.

nempe - <truly, certainly, to be sure>.

perpetro -are - <to complete, accomplish, perform>.

indemnatus -a -um - <uncondemned>.
inp- - see imp-.
impune - <with impunity, unpunished, safely>.

defero -ferre -tuli -latum - <to bring down, carry down>; in gen., <to bring or carry away>, esp. to a particular place; 'deferre rationes', <to hand in accounts>; fig., <to offer, hand over, refer>; of news, <to communicate, report>, esp. to authority; legal, 'deferre nomen', <to inform against a person, indict>; 'deferre crimen', <to bring a charge>.

congruus -a -um - <agreeing, fit, suitable>.

plecto - (2) -ere, <to punish>; usu. pass. plector -i, <to be punished (with blows)>.

interfectrix -tricis - f. <murderess>.
praudatio -onis - f. <making publicly known, proclamation; praising, commending>.
infernus -a -um - <below, coming from below; of the lower world, infernal>. As subst., m. pl. inferni, <the shades>; n. pl. inferna, <the lower world>.

cantito -are - <to sing or play often>.

constituo -stituere -stitui -stitutum - <to cause to stand, set up, place, establish, settle>; milit., <to post, station, arrange, bring to a halt; to settle people in homes or quarters; to found, set up buildings, etc.>. Transf., <to appoint a person to an office; to settle, fix upon an amount, time, etc.: to decide about a fact, decide that; to decide on a course of action, decide to>. Hence partic. constitutus -a -um, <arranged, settled>; n. as subst., <anything arranged, settled or agreed upon>.

perosus -a -um - <hating, detesting>.

obsto -stare -stiti -staturus - <to stand before or in the way; to oppose, resist, obstruct> (with dat.); n. pl. of partic. as subst. substantia, <hindrances, obstacles, impediments>.
paluster -tris -tre - <marshy, boggy>.
palus (2) -udis - f. <a swamp, marsh, bog>.
inamabilis -e - <unloved, hateful>.
adligo -are - <to tie to, bind to>; of wounds, <to bind up>. Transf., in gen., <to fetter, bind, confine>; esp. <to bind by friendship, obligations, promises, etc.>; pass., <to become an accomplice in, make oneself responsible for>; perf. partic. adligatus, <implicated, involved>.
inruo -ruere -rui - transit. <to fling in>; intransit. <to rush in>.
punio (poenio) -ire and punior -iri - dep. <to punish, avenge>.
expio -are - <to propitiate, appease> an offending or threatening power; <to purify what is defiled>; <to atone for an offence>.

fructuosus -a -um - <fruitful, fertile>.

lateo -ere - <to lie hid, be concealed; to live in obscurity or safety; to be unknown>. Hence partic. latens -entis, <concealed, hidden>; adv. latenter, <secretly>.

litteratus -a -um - <lettered, inscribed with letters; learned, liberally educated>. Adv. litterate, <in clear letters, legibly; literally, word for word; learnedly>.

c��art0 -are - <to confine, draw together>; of discourse, <to compress>; of time, <to shorten>.

extenuo -are - <to make thin or small, to reduce, diminish>; milit., <to extend>; in gen., <to lessen, weaken, diminish>; in speech, <to disparage, deprecate>. Hence partic. extenuatus -a -um, <weak, poor, slight>.

purgo -are - (1) <to clean, cleanse, purify>. Hence <to excuse, defend, justify; to allege in defence>. (2) <to clear away, wash off>.

cumulo -are - <to heap up, pile up, increase, heighten; to fill up, overload>; 'cumulatus laude', <loaded with praise>; also <to crown, bring to perfection>. Hence partic. cumulatus -a -um, <heaped up, increased, enlarged; crowned, perfected>. Adv. cumulate, <abundantly, fully>.

**Paragraph 3**

refuto -are - <to drive back, check, repress; to refute, disprove>.

captivitas -atis - f. <captivity, capture>; collectively, <a number of captives>.

insulto -are - <to leap, prance in or on; to triumph over, insult>.

maculo -are - <to spot, stain, defile, pollute>.

infirmitas -atis - f. <weakness, feebleness; instability, fickleness>.

turpitudo -inis - f. <ugliness; moral baseness, disgrace>.

vereor -eri -itus - dep. <to be afraid, fear; to have respect for, revere>; gerundive, verundus -a -um, <venerable, reverend>.

testis (1) -is - c. <one who gives evidence, a witness; an eye-witness, a spectator>.

erubesco -rubescere -rubui - <to grow red, blush>; with infinit., <to blush to>; with acc. <to blush for, to respect>; gerundive erubescendus -a -um, <of which one should be ashamed>.

concupisco -piscere -pivi or -pii -pitum - <to desire eagerly, covet, aim at>.
stuprum -i - n. <disgrace, defilement>; esp. <ravishing, violation>.

erubesco -rubescere -rubui - <to grow red, blush>; with infinit., <to blush to>; with acc. <to blush for, to respect>; gerundive erubescendus -a -um, <of which one should be ashamed>.

testimonial -i - n. <witness, evidence; proof, indication>.

requiro -quirere -quisii and -quisivi -quisitum - <to ask for, look for, enquire after; to demand, desire; to miss, feel the want of>.