Cicero, De Officiis, & Horace, Epodes 7: Vocabulary
With thanks to the Digital Latin Lexicon

Cicero, De Officiis 3.40-41
3.40
incido (1) -cidere -cidi -casum - <to fall in or upon; to fall in with>; 'in hostem', <to attack>; 'in aes alienum', <to run into debt>; 'in mentionem', <to happen to mention>; of abstr. things, <to occur, happen, 'crop up'>.

conturbo -are - <to throw into disorder, disturb, distress; to ruin, make bankrupt>.

species -ei - f.: act. <a seeing, view>; pass. <sight, look; shape, form, outward appearance; beauty; a vision, phantom; a representation, image, statue>. Transf. <pretex, pretence; notion, idea; kind, species>.

delibero -are - <to weigh carefully, consider, consult about; to ask advice>, esp. of an oracle; as a result of deliberation, <resolve>. Hence partic. deliberatus -a -um, <resolved, determined>.

honestas -atis - f. (1) <honor, repute, respectability>; in pl., <notabilities>. (2) <worth, virtue, probity>. (3) <beauty>.

improbus -a -um - <inferior, bad; morally bad, perverse, wilful; bold, persistent, mischievous>; m. pl. as subst. <the unpatriotic>. Adv. improbe, <badly, wickedly; impudently, boldly>.

turpis -e - <ugly, foul>; morally, <foul, disgraceful>; n. as subst. turpe, <a disgrace>; adv. turpiter, <foully, disgracefully>.

abrogo -are - <to repeal, annul, remove, take away>.

expello -pellere -puli -pulsum - <to drive out, expel, thrust away>.

consilium -i - n. (1) <deliberation, consultation>; meton., <persons in consultation, an assembly, council> as a quality, <judgement, understanding>. (2) <a resolution, plan>; abl., consilio, <intentionally, designedly>. (3) <advice, suggestion>.

adiutor -oris - m. <a helper, assistant, deputy>.

princeps -cipis - adj. <first, foremost>. As subst. <leader>; polit., often as a title of the Roman emperor; milit., plur., principes, <the second line in a Roman army, between the triarii and hastati>. 
cognatio -onis - f. <relationship, connection by blood>; meton. <persons related, kindred, family>; in gen., <connection, agreement, resemblance>.

tollo tollere sustuli sublatum - (1) <to lift up, raise, elevate>, 'in crucem', <to crucify>; 'tollere ancoras', <to weigh anchor>; 'laudibus', <to extol>; of children, <to acknowledge as one’s own, to bring up>. (2) <to take away, remove, carry off, steal; to destroy, abolish>.

valeo -ere - <to be strong, vigorous, in good health, well; to have force, avail, prevail, be able; to be worth>; of words, <to mean, signify>; as a farewell greeting, vale, or valeas, <farewell, goodbye>; 'valere iubere', <to bid farewell, say goodbye to>. Hence partic. valens -entis, <strong, powerful, healthy>; adv. valenter.

3.41

item - adv. <also, likewise>.

pello pellere pepuli pulsum - <to strike, knock, beat; to impel, propel, move, affect; to drive away, dislodge, banish>.

humanitas -atis - f. <humanity, human nature, human feeling; kindness; refinement, education, culture>.

adsequor -sequi -secutus - dep. <to follow after; to reach by following, to come up to, attain>; mentally, <to grasp>.

causa (caussa) -ae - f. <a cause>, in all senses of the English word. (1) <a reason, motive, pretext>. (2) <interest>; abl., causa, <on account of, for the sake of>, with genit., mea, etc. (3) <a case at law, law-suit, claim, contention>; 'causam dicere', <to plead>. (4) <situation, condition, case>.

probabilis -e - (1) <probable, credible>. (2) <acceptable, good>. Adv. probabiliter, <probably, credibly>.

idoneus -a -um - <fit, appropriate, suitable>; adv. idonee.

pax pacis - f. <peace; calm, quiet>; of the gods, <grace, favor>; 'pace tua', <with your good leave>.
Horace, *Epodes* 7

scelestus -a -um - <guilty, wicked, accursed>; adv. sceleste.

ruo ruere rui rutum - fut. partic. ruiturus; intransit. <to rush down, fall, collapse, be ruined; to rush along; to be precipitate>; transit. <to hurl down>; also <to cast up>.

aptō -are - <to fit, adapt, adjust; to make ready or fit>.

ensis -is - m. <sword>.

condō -dere -didi -ditum - (1) <to build, found; form, establish>; of literary work, <to compose, write> a poem, etc., and also <to write of> a subject. (2) <to put up, put away safely, store, to hide, withdraw>; of corpses, <to bury>; of time, <to pass, dispose of>.

parum - <too little, not enough> (as adv. and subst.); 'parum habere', <to think too little, be dissatisfied with>. Compar. minus, <less>; sometimes <not, not at all>; 'sin minus', <but if not>. Superl. minime (minume), <in the least degree, very little, least of all>; sometimes <not at all, by no means>.

fundo (1) fundere fudi fusum: of liquids - <to pour, pour out>; of metals, <to melt, cast>. Transf., <to pour out, shower, give abundantly>; <to squander>; 'se fundere', <to rush, stream>; of sounds, <to utter>; with emphasis on distribution, <to spread, extend, scatter>; milit., <to rout, defeat, scatter, put to flight>. Hence partic. fusus -a -um, <spread out, extended>; 'crines', <flowing free>; of speech, <diffuse>; adv. fuse, <widely, copiously>.

arx -cis - f. <fortress, citadel, stronghold, height>; fig., <bulwark, protection, headquarters>.

uro urere ussi ustum - <to burn; to dry up, parch; chafe, gall; to disturb, harass>.

descendō -scendere -scendi -scensum - <to climb down, come down, descend>; milit., <to march down>; of things, <to sink, pierce, penetrate>; of mountains, <to slope down>; of the voice, <to sink>. Transf., of persons, <to lower oneself, stoop>; of things, <to sink in, penetrate>.

catenatus -a -um - <chained, bound, linked together>; 'labores', <continuous>.

votum -i - n. <a vow, promise to the gods; a votive offering>; in gen., <prayer, wish, desire>.

lupus -i - m. <a wolf; a voracious fish, the pike; a horse's bit with jagged points; a hook>.

dispar -paris - <unlike, dissimilar, unequal>.
furor (2) -oris - m. <madness, raving, insanity; furious anger, martial rage; passionate love; inspiration, poetic or prophetic frenzy>; meton., <an object of passion>.

caecus -a -um - act., <blind, not seeing; intellectually or morally blind; uncertain, objectless>; pass., <unseen, hidden, obscure, dark>.

pallor -oris - m. <paleness, fading>.

inficio -ficere -feci -fectum - (1) <to tinge, dye, stain; to steep, imbue>. (2) <to poison, taint, corrupt>.

percello -cellere -culi -culsum - <to strike, push; to beat down, overturn, shatter, ruin>; mentally, <to daunt, unnerve>.

stupeo -ere -ui - <to be stunned, astounded, amazed>; of inanimate things, <to stand still, halt, cease>.

scelus -eris - n. <a crime>. Transf. <misfortune, calamity>. As a term of abuse, <scoundrel, rascal>.

fraternus -a -um - <of a brother, brotherly, fraternal>; sometimes <of a cousin>. Transf., <of a related person; of some thing related to another>. Adv. fraterne, <in a brotherly manner, like a brother>.

nex necis - f. <death; usually violent death, murder>.

immerens -entis - <not deserving, innocent>.

nepos -otis - m. <a grandson, a nephew; a descendant; a spendthrift>.

cruor -oris - m. <blood, gore; murder, slaughter>.