Livy 1.26: Vocabulary
with thanks to the Digital Latin Lexicon

prior prius - genit. -oris, compar. adj. <fore, former>, of place or time; <higher in importance>; m. pl. as subst. <ancestors>. N. acc. as adv., prius, <before, previously; formerly; sooner, rather>; prius quam, or priusquam, conj., <before>. Superl. primus -a -um, <first, foremost>, of place or time; of rank, etc. <first, most distinguished>; 'partes primae', <the leading part>; 'in primis', <especially>. N. acc. as adv., primum, <at first or for the first time>. N. abl. primo, <at first>.

digredior -gredi -gressus - dep. <to go apart, depart, deviate>; in speech, <to digress>.

rogo -are - <to ask, inquire; to ask for, request>; polit., 'rogare aliquem sententiam', <to ask a person his opinion>; 'rogare populum' or 'legem', <to propose a law, introduce a bill>; 'rogare magistratum', <to offer a person for election>.

foedus (2) -eris - n. <a league between states; a compact, covenant, agreement>. Transf., <a law>.

icio or ico icere ici ictum - <to strike, hit, smite>; esp., <to strike a bargain>.

utor uti usus - dep. <to use, employ; to possess, enjoy>; of persons, <to associate with>, or, with a predicate, <to find>. Hence partic. utens -entis, <possessing>.

abduco -ducere -duxi -ductum - <to lead or take away, detach, withdraw>.

drigeminus (tergeminus) -a -um - <threefold, triple>.

spolium -i - n. usually plur. <skin or hide from an animal; arms, clothing, etc., taken from an enemy>; in gen. <spoils, plunder, booty>.

despondeo -spondere -spondi -sponsum - <to pledge, to promise, esp. to promise in marriage, betroth>; in gen. <to pledge, devote>; with animum or animos, <to lose heart, despair>.

cognosco -gnoscere -gnovi -gnitum - <to become acquainted with, get to know, learn>; in perf. tenses, <to know; to know again, recognize>; of judges, <to examine, hear, decide>. Hence partic. cognitus -a -um, <known, proved>.

paludamentum -i - n. <the military cloak>.

sponsus -i - m. and sponsum -i, n. subst. from spondeo; q.v.

spondeo spondere sponandi sponsum - <to pledge oneself to, promise solemnly, vow; to be security, go bail for a person>. Partic. as subst. sponsus -i, m. <a
betrothed man, bridegroom>; sponsa -ae, f. <a betrothed woman, bride>; sponsum -i, n. <a covenant>.

solvō, -ere, solvi, solutus - <to loosen; to untie, release, free; to dissolve, break up; to exempt; to break up, weaken, bring to an end; to pay off, discharge a debt>; 'solvendo non esse', <to be insolvent>; <to meet engagements, perform duties; to break down a restraining influence; to solve a problem, explain a difficulty>. Hence partic. solutus -a -um, <loosened, unbound, free, unencumbered, independent>; in bad sense, <unrestrained, unbridled; lax, lazy, negligent>; of style, <fluent or in prose>. Adv. solute, <loosely


comploratio -onis - f. <lamentation>.

stringo stringere strinxi strictum - (1) <to draw tight together, to bind, tie>. (2) <to strip off, pluck, prune>; esp. <to draw a weapon from its sheath>. (3) <to graze, touch lightly; to affect, injure>; in speech, <to touch upon>. Hence partic. strictus -a -um, <close, tight; strict>; of style, <brief, concise>.

increpo -are -ui (-avi) -itum (-atum) - <to rustle, make a noise; to be noised abroad>; transit. <to cause to sound>. Of persons, <to chide, rebuke>.

transfigo -figere -fixi -fixum - <to pierce through, or thrust through>.

immaturus -a -um - <unripe, immature>.

obliviscor oblivisci oblitus - dep. <to forget>.

lugeo lugere luxi - intransit. <to mourn, be in mourning>; transit. <to bewail, lament, wear mourning for>.


meritum -i - n., subst. from mereo; q.v.

mereo -ere -ui -itum - and mereor -eri -itus, dep. <to deserve, earn, obtain>; esp. <to earn pay as a soldier, serve as a soldier>. Hence perf. partic. meritus -a -um, <deserving>; in pass. sense, <deserved>. N. as subst., meritum -i, <desert, merit; a good action, benefit, service; blame, fault, grounds, reason>. Abl. as adv. merito, <deservedly, rightly>.

factus -a -um - partic. from facio; q.v.

facio facere feci factum [2 of 2] - 'facere cum', or 'ab homine', <to act on the side of, support; to sacrifice; to be serviceable, to suit, help, be of service>; used instead of repeating another verb, <to do so>. Hence partic. factus -a -um, <done,
wrought>; n. of compar., factius, <nearer to achievement>; n. of positive as subst. factum -i, <a deed, act, exploit>.

obsto -stare -stiti -staturus - <to stand before or in the way; to oppose, resist, obstruct> (with dat.); n. pl. of partic. as subst. obstantia, <hindrances, obstacles, impediments>.

ius (2) iuris - n. <right, law; a court of justice; jurisdiction; right as conferred by law>; 'iure', <rightly>.

iudicium -i - n. <a trial, legal investigation; a law-court; jurisdiction, judgment, considered opinion, decision; power of judging, discernment, understanding, good judgment>.

supplicium -i - n. (1) <a humble entreaty, supplication, prayer>. (2) <punishment>; esp. <capital punishment>.

advoco -are - <to summon, call>; esp. <to call to one's aid>: as legal t.t. <to call in as adviser, to consult an advocate>. M. of partic. as subst., advocatus -i, m. <one called in to help>, esp. in court as <witness> or <advocate>.

duumvir and duovir -viri - m. usually pl., <a pair of magistrates, a commission of two>.

perduellio -onis - f. <treason>.

indico (1) -are - <to make known, show, indicate>; esp. <to inform against, give evidence about; to put a price on, value>.

secundum - adv. <after, behind>; prep., with acc., <following, after, along beside; during; in addition to; next after, next to; according to; in favor of>.

horreo -ere - <to bristle, be rough>; of the hair, <to stand on end>; of persons, <to shudder, dread>. Gerundive as adj. horrendus -a -um, <horrible, dreadful; awful, worthy of reverence>.

pruvoco -are - <to call out; to excite, rouse, provoke; to challenge to a contest>; legal, <to appeal to a higher court>.

provocatio -onis - f. <a challenge>; esp. <an appeal to a higher court>.

certo -are - <to settle by contest>; hence <to contend, struggle, dispute>.

obnubo -nubere -nupsi -nuptum - <to cover>.

restis -is - f. <a rope, cord>.

suspendo -pendere -pendi -pensum - <to hang up; to prop up, support; to keep in suspense, leave undecided; to check, break off>. Hence partic. suspensus -a -
um, <hovering, hanging, suspended; dependent; ambiguous, doubtful, in suspense>.

verbero (1) -are - <to beat, whip, thrash>; with words, <to assail, lash>.

eo - (1) ire ivi and ii itum, <to go>; 'cubitum ire', <to go to bed>; milit., 'ire ad arma', <to fly to arms>; polit. '(pedibus) ire in sententiam', <to support a motion>. Transf., <to pass, proceed>; in exclamations, 'i', <go to>; 'melius ire', <to go better>; 'ire in', with acc.<to be changed to>.

conligo (2) -are - <to bind, tie, fasten together, connect>; sometimes <to detain, hinder, tie down>.

laqueus -i - m. <a noose, halter, snare, trap>.

clemens -entis - <mild, kind, merciful>; adv. clementer, <gently>.

interpres -pretis - c. (1) <a negotiator, mediator, messenger>. (2) <an expounder, explainer; prophet, prophetess; interpreter; translator>.

proclamo -are - <to call out, cry out>.

caedo caedere cecidi caesum - (1) <to cut>. (2) <to beat, knock about>. (3) <to kill, slay>.

iudico -are - <to be a judge, judge, decide, declare>; perf. partic., iudicatus -a -um, of persons, <condemned>; of things, <decided>.

animadverto (animadvortor) -vertere -verti -versum - <to turn or give the mind to>. Hence <to take notice of, attend to; to perceive, observe>. Esp. <to take notice of> a fault, <blame, censure, punish>.

stirps (stirpes - stirpis) stirpis, f. rarely m. <the stock or stem of a plant; a young shoot>; of men, <stock, source, origin>; of things, <root, foundation>.

conspicio -spicere -spexi -spectum - <to catch sight of, behold, perceive; to look at with attention, watch>; pass., conspici, <to attract notice, be gazed at>. Transf., <to see mentally, understand>. Hence partic. conspectus -a -um, <visible; striking, remarkable, conspicuous>. Gerundive conspiciendus -a -um, <worth looking at, notable>.

orbus -a -um - <deprived of children or parents>; as subst. <an orphan>; in gen. <deprived, destitute>.

amplector -plecti -plexus - dep. <to embrace, twine round, enclose, surround>. Transf., <to welcome, love, esteem>; in thought or speech, <to take in, consider, deal with; to include, comprise>.
ostento -are - <to hold out, present, offer; to show, reveal; to show off, display>; in speech, <to declare, make known>.

furca -ae - f. <a (two-pronged) fork, a pitchfork; a fork-shaped prop or pole; an instrument of punishment, with two prongs to which the arms were tied>; geograph., <a narrow pass>.

vincio vincire vinxi vinctum - <to bind, tie up; to surround, encompass; to restrain, confine, secure>.

verber -eris - n. <a lash; whip, scourge, thong; a blow, stroke; whipping>.

cruciatus -us - m. <torture, torment>.

liberator -oris - m. <a liberator>.

foeditas -atis - f. <foulness, filthiness>.

admiratio -onis - f. <admiration>; plur. <outbursts of admiration; wonder, astonishment>.

ciaedes -is - f. <cutting down, killing, slaughter>. Transf., <persons slain; blood shed in slaughter>.

manifestus -a -um - <palpable, clear, visible, evident; caught out, detected>. Abl. sing. n. as adv. manifesto, <clearly>; compar. manifestius.

piaculum -i - n. <a means of expiating or appeasing; sacrifice; remedy; punishment; a victim; an act needing expiation, a sin, crime>.

luo luere lui luiturus - <to loose; to expiate, atone for, make good>; 'luere poenam', <to pay a penalty>; of trouble, <to avert>.

transmitto (tramitto) -mittere -misi -missum - (1) <to send across, send over, transmit; to convey, make over, entrust>; of time, <to let pass>. (2) <to go across, pass through or over; to leave unnoticed>.

tigillum -i - n. <a small beam>.

adoperio -operire -operui -opertum - <to cover or close>.

iugum -i - n. (1) <a yoke or collar>. Transf., <a team of oxen or horses; a pair, couple; a chariot; any bond, union; the bond of love, marriage-tie; the yoke of slavery>. (2) <a cross-bar; esp. the yoke under which the vanquished were sent; the beam of a pair of scales; a ridge between mountains>; plur., poet., <mountain heights>.

reficio -ficere -feci -fectum - (1) <to make again, restore, repair, reestablish, refresh, revive>. (2) <to get back, receive, get>.
sororius -a -um - <of a sister, sisterly>.

corruo -ruere -rui: intransit - <to fall to the ground, sink down, be ruined>; transit. <to throw down, overthrow>.

quadro -are - transit. <to make square; to join properly together>; intransit. <to be square; to fit exactly, to suit>; esp. of accounts, <to agree>. Partic. quadratus -a -um, <squared, square>; n. as subst. <a square>.