Valerius Maximus, Ampelius, and Eutropius: Vocabulary
With thanks to the Digital Latin Lexicon

Valerius Maximus

virilis -e - <manly, male, virile; of a grown man, adult; courageous, spirited>; 'pro virili parte', <to the best of one's ability>. Adv. viriliter, <manfully>.

malignus -a -um - <ill-disposed, wicked>; esp. <stingy, niggardly; barren, unfruitful; stinted, scanty>. Adv. maligne.

error -oris - m. <wandering about>. Transf., <wavering, uncertainty, error, mistake; source of error, deception>.

muliebris -e - <of a woman, feminine; effeminate>; adv. muliebriter.

sortior -iri - dep. and sortio -ire: intransit. <to cast lots>; transit., <to allot, cast lots for; share out>; also <to obtain by lot; to choose>. Hence partic. sortitus -a -um; dep., <having obtained by lots or cast lots for>; pass., <gained by lot>; n. abl. as adv. sortito, <by lot, by fate>.

stuprum -i - n. <disgrace, defilement>; esp. <ravishing, violation>.

patior pati passus - dep. <to suffer, undergo, experience; to permit, allow>. Hence partic. patiens -entis, <enduring, capable of enduring> with genit.; <patient>; in bad sense, <stubborn>. Adv. patienter.

concilium -i - n. <bringing together, connection, assembling, union>; esp. <an assembly for deliberation, a council>.

necessarius -a -um - <necessary, unavoidable, inevitable; pressing, urgent; closely connected>; as subst. <an intimate friend or relative>; n. abl. necessario, and adv. necessarie, <necessarily, unavoidably>.

deploreo -are - intransit., <to weep bitterly, lament>; transit., <to lament, bewail; to regard as lost, give up>.

tego tegere texi tectum - <to cover; to bury; to conceal; to shield, protect>. Hence partic. tectus -a -um, <covered, concealed; close, reserved, cautious, wary>. N. as subst. tectum -i, <a roof or ceiling; a shelter, dwelling>. Adv. tecte, <covertly>.

interimo -imere -emi -emptum - <to take away, destroy, make an end of; to put out of the way, kill>.
animosus -a -um - (1) (anima), <full of breath, airy>. (2) (animus), <full of spirit or courage>. Adv. animose, <courageously>.

interitus -us - m. <destruction, ruin>.

consularis -e - (1) <relating to a consul, consular>. (2) <having been a consul>; m. as subst., <an ex-consul, or provincial governor of consular rank>. Adv. consulariter, <in a manner worthy of a consul>.

permuto -are - <to change completely; to exchange, interchange>.

**Ampelius**

constituo -stituere -stitui -stitutum - <to cause to stand, set up, place, establish, settle>; milit., <to post, station, arrange, bring to a halt; to settle people in homes or quarters; to found, set up buildings, etc.>. Transf., <to appoint a person to an office; to settle, fix upon an amount, time, etc.: to decide about a fact, decide that; to decide on a course of action, decide to>. Hence partic. constitutus -a -um, <arranged, settled>; n. as subst., <anything arranged, settled or agreed upon>.

diruo -ruere -ui -utum - <to pull apart, demolish, destroy, break up>; financially, <to ruin>.

insigne -is - n. <a distinguishing mark, token; badge, decoration, medal>; pl. as abstr., <distinctions, beauties>.

magistratus -us - m. <a magistracy, official dignity, office>. Transf., <a magistrate, state official>.

adorno -are - <to prepare, furnish, provide; to adorn>.

census -us - m.<the census, an enrolment of names and assessment of property>. Transf., <the censor's list; the amount of property necessary for enrolment in a certain rank>; in gen., <property, wealth>.

nimius -a -um - <very great; too great, excessive; intemperate, immoderate>. N. as subst. <a great deal, much>; also <excess, too much>.

pello pellere pepuli pulsum - <to strike, knock, beat; to impel, propel, move, affect; to drive away, dislodge, banish>.

**Eutropius**
eo - (1) ire ivi and ii itum, *<to go>; 'cubitum ire', *<to go to bed>; milit., *<to fly to arms>; polit. *<to support a motion>. Transf., *<to pass, proceed>; in exclamations, *'i', *<go to>; *'melius ire', *<to go better>; *'ire in', with acc.*<to be changed to>.


subigo -igere -egi -actum - *<to drive under; to subject, constrain, subdue, compel; to drive up from below, to propel; to work the soil>; in gen., *<to work at; to train, discipline>.

aedifico -are - *<to build, erect, establish; to create, frame>.

oppugno -are - *<to attack, assault>.

milliarium (miliarium) -i - n. *<a milestone>.

perdo -dere -didi -ditum - (in pass., usually pereo, perire), *<to destroy, do away with, ruin; to lose; to waste, squander>. Hence partic. perditus -a -um, *<miserable, ruined; morally lost, abandoned, profligate>. Adv. perdite, *<desperately, immoderately; in an abandoned manner>.

stupro -are - *<to ravish, defile, pollute>.

queror queri questus - dep. *<to complain, lament, bewail>; of animals, *<to make a plaintive sound>.

conspectus (2) -us - m.: act., *<seeing, looking, sight, view>; hence *<mental view, survey>; pass., *<appearance>.

concito -are - *<to move violently, stir up, excite>; *'equum calcaribus', *<to spur to a gallop>; *'aciem', *<to move forward the army>. Hence in gen., *<to stir up, incite>; of results, *<to cause, produce>. Hence partic. concitatus -a -um, *<quick, rapid; excited, violent, passionate>. Adv. concitate, *<excitedly>.

adimo -imere -emi -emptum - *<to take away>. Hence partic. ademptus -a -um, poet., *<dead>.

mox - *<soon, presently; then, thereupon>.

claudio (1) (cludo) claudere claudi clausi clausum - *<to close, shut up, make inaccessible>; of military positions, *<to blockade, invest>; of prisoners, etc., *<to shut in, confine>. Transf., *<to conclude>; *'agmen', *<to bring up the rear>. Hence partic. clausus -a -um, of character, *<close, reserved>; n. as subst., *<an enclosed place>.
excludo -cludere -clusi -clusum - <to shut out, exclude, keep away>; of things, <to knock out>; of birds, <to hatch>.

impero -are - <to impose>; hence <to requisition, order a thing>; <to order an action to be done, give orders to a person>; <to rule over, govern, command>. 